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- (c) a heat-sealable layer on the second side of the core layer comprising (i) a thermoplastic polymer and (ii) a slip system comprising a silicone gum present in amount from about 0.2 wt. % to about 2.0 wt. % of the heat-sealable layer and at least one antiblocking agent present in an amount from about 0.05 wt. % to about 0.5 wt. % of the heat-sealable layer; and
- (d) wherein the heat sealable film structure has a force over forming collar value of less than 20 pounds and a hot slip value of less than 20 at 290° C.
- 15 (New) The coextruded, heat-seatable film structure of claim 14, wherein the core layer has a polymeric matrix selected from the group consisting of a propylene homopolymer, a propylene copolymer, and a polyethylene.
- 16. (New) The coextruded, hear-sealable film structure of claim 14, wherein the antiblocking agent is a particulate antiblocking agent having an average particle size of from about 1 to about 5 μm.
- 17. (New) The coextruded, heat-sealable film structure of claim 14, wherein the core layer has a polymeric matrix selected from the group consisting of a ethylene propylene copolymer, propylene butylene copolymer, and a high density polyethylene.
- 18. (New) The coextruded, heat-sealable film structure of claim 15, wherein the silicone gum has a viscosity in the range of 10 to 20 million centistokes.
- 19. (New) The coextruded, heat-sealable film structure of claim 15, wherein the core layer further comprises an additive selected from the group consisting of a natural hydrocarbon additive, a synthetic hydrocarbon additive, a cavitating agent, an antistatic agent, and mixtures thereof.
- 20. (New) The coextruded, heat-sealable film structure of claim 15, wherein the functional layer further comprises at least one antiblock additive.

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21. (New) The coextruded, heat-sealable film structure of claim 15, wherein the surface of the functional layer is flame treated or corona treated and the surface of the heat-sealable layer is untreated.

- 22. (New) The coextruded, heat-sealable film structure of claim 15, wherein the thermoplastic polymer of the heat-sealable layer is selected from the group consisting of an ethylene-propylene random copolymer, a propylene-butylene random copolymer, an ethylene-propylene-butylene terpolymer, a linear low density polyethylene, a low density polyethylene, a metallocene-catalyzed polyethylene, an ethylene vinyl acetate, an ethylene-methyl acrylate, an ionomer, and blends thereof and the functional layer has a polymeric matrix selected from the group consisting of a propylene polymer, an ethylene-propylene block copolymer, a high density polyethylene, an ethylene vinyl alcohol copolymer, an ethylene-propylene random copolymer, a propylene-butylene copolymer, an ethylene-butylene terpolymer, a medium density polyethylene, a linear low density polyethylene, an ethylene vinyl acetate, an ethylene-methyl acrylate, and blends thereof.
- (New) The coextruded heat-sealable layer of claim 17 wherein the thermoplastic polymer of the heat-sealable layer is selected from the group consisting of a propylene-butylene random copolymer, a metallocene catalyzed polyethylene, an ethylene vinyl acetate, and an ethylene-methyl acrylate, an ionomer, and blends thereof.
- 24. (New) The coextruded heat-sealable layer of claim 23 wherein the functional layer comprises a material selected from the group consisting of an ethylene vinyl alcohol copolymer, a propylene-butylene copolymer, an ethylene vinyl adetate, an ethylene-methyl acrylate, and blends thereof.
- 25. (New) The coextruded, heat-sealable film structure of claim 23, wherein the antiblocking agent is selected from the group consisting of cross linked silicone resin powder, methyl methacrylate resin powder, a spherical silica powder, and blends thereof.

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26. (New) The coextruded heat-sealable film of claim 17 wherein the core layer comprises a cavitating agent selected from the group consisting of polybutylene terephalate, calcium carbonate, and blends thereof.

- 27. (New) The coextruded, heat-sealable film structure of claim 17, wherein the core layer is from about 5 to about 50 μ m thick, the functional layer is from about 0.25 to about 3.0 μ m thick, and the heat-sealable layer is from about 0.5 to about 7 μ m thick.
- 28. (New) The coextruded, heat-sealable film structure of claim 17, wherein the core layer is free of an antistatic agent and a fatty acid amide slip additive.
- 29. (New) A laminate film structure comprising a first film laminated to a second film, wherein the first film is a heat-sealable film structure comprising:
- (a) a core layer comprising a thermoplastic polymer, the core layer having a first side and a second side;
- (b) a functional layer on the first side of the core layer, wherein the functional layer is selected from the group consisting of a laminating layer, a printable layer, a laminating and a printable layer, and a sealable layer;
- (c) a heat-sealable layer on the second side of the core layer comprising (i) a thermoplastic polymer and (ii) a slip system comprising a silicone gum present in amount from about 0.2 wt. % to about 2.0 wt. % of the heat-sealable layer and at least one antiblocking agent present in an amount from about 0.05 wt. % to about 0.5 wt. % of the heat-sealable layer; and
- (d) wherein the heat-sealable film structure has a force over forming collar value of less 20 pounds and a hot slip value of less than 20 at 290° C.
- (New) The laminate film structure of claim 29 wherein the second film is comprised of the same structure as the first film.

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(New) The laminate film structure of claim 29 wherein the core layer has a polymeric matrix selected from the group consisting of a propylene homopolymer, a propylene copolymer, and a polyethylene.

- 32. New) The laminate film structure of claim 29 wherein the antiblocking agent is a particulate antiblocking agent having an average particle size of from about 1 to about 5 µm.
- 33. (New) The laminate film structure of claim 29 wherein the core layer has a polymeric matrix selected from the group consisting of a ethylene propylene copolymer, propylene butylene copolymer, and a high density polyethylene.
- 34. (New) The laminate film structure of claim 31 wherein the silicone gum has a viscosity in the range of 10 to 20 million centistokes.
- 35. (New) The laminate film structure of claim 31 wherein the core layer further comprises an additive selected from the group consisting of a natural hydrocarbon additive, a synthetic hydrocarbon additive, a cavitating agent, an antistatic agent, and mixtures thereof.
- 36. (New) The laminate film structure of claim 31 wherein the functional layer further comprises at least one antiblock additive.
- 37. (New) The laminate film structure of claim 31 wherein the surface of the functional layer is flame treated or corona treated and the surface of the heat-sealable layer is untreated.
- 38. (New) The laminate film structure of claim 31 wherein the thermoplastic polymer of the heat-sealable layer is selected from the group consisting of an ethylene-propylene random copolymer, a propylene-butylene random copolymer, an ethylene-propylene-butylene terpolymer, a linear low density polyethylene, a low density polyethylene, a metallocene-catalyzed polyethylene, an ethylene vinyl acetate, an ethylene-methyl acrylate, an ionomer, and blends thereof and the functional layer has a polymeric matrix selected from the group consisting

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of a propylene polymer, an ethylene-propylene block copolymer, a high density polyethylene, an ethylene vinyl alcohol copolymer, an ethylene-propylene random copolymer, a propylene-butylene copolymer, an ethylene-propylene-butylene terpolymer, a medium density polyethylene, a linear low density polyethylene, an ethylene vinyl acetate, an ethylene-methyl acrylate, and blends thereof.

- 39. (New) The laminate film structure of claim 33 wherein the thermoplastic polymer of the heat-sealable layer is selected from the group consisting of a propylene-butylene random copolymer, a metallocene catalyzed polyethylene, an ethylene vinyl acetate, and an ethylenemethyl acrylate, an ionomer, and blends thereof.
- 40. (New) The laminate film structure of claim 39 wherein the functional layer comprises a material selected from the group consisting of an ethylene vinyl alcohol copolymer, a propylene-butylene copolymer, an ethylene vinyl acetate, an ethylene-methyl acrylate, and blends thereof.
- 41. (New) The laminate film structure of claim 39 wherein the antiblocking agent is selected from the group consisting of cross linked silicone resin powder, methyl methacrylate resin powder, a spherical silica powder, and blends thereof.
- 42. (New) The laminate film structure of claim 33 wherein the core layer comprises a cavitating agent selected from the group consisting of polybutylene terephalate, calcium carbonate, and blends thereof.
- 43. (New) The laminate film structure of claim 33 wherein the core layer is from about 5 to about 50 μ m thick, the functional layer is from about 0.25 to about 3.0 μ m thick, and the heat-sealable layer is from about 0.5 to about 7 μ m thick.
- 44. (New) The laminate film structure of claim 33 wherein the core layer is free of an antistatic agent and a fatty acid amide slip additive.

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